

# BEE'S LAXATIVE HONEY AND TAR

The Original Laxative Cough Syrup containing Honey and Tar. An improvement over all Cough, Lung and Bronchial Remedies. Pleasant to the taste and good alike for young and old. All cough syrups containing opiates constipate the bowels. Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar moves the bowels and contains no opiates. Prepared by PINE-ULE MEDICINE COMPANY, CHICAGO, U. S. A.

Sold by F. G. BLAND.

## SWEET MELODY FLOUR.

The new Pure Food and Drug Law will mark it on the label of every Cough Cure containing opium, morphine or any other stupefying or poisonous drug. But it passes Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure as made for 20 years, entirely free. Dr. Shoop all along has bitterly opposed the use of all opiates or narcotics. Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure is absolutely safe even for the youngest babe—and it cures, it does not simply suppress. Get a safe and reliable cough cure, by simply insisting on having Dr. Shoop's. Let the law be your protection. We cheerfully recommend and sell it. All druggists.

## SWEET MELODY FLOUR.

Cascasweet is a harmless compound of vegetable extracts that is wonderful in its beneficial effects on the stomachs of babies and children. Recommended and sold by Stone & Mercer.

## SWEET MELODY FLOUR.

If you like coffee but dare not drink it, try Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee. It is true that real coffee does disturb the stomach, heart and kidneys. But Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee has not a grain of true coffee in it. Being made from parched grains, malt, etc., it forms a wholesome, food-like drink, yet having the true flavor of Old Java and Mocha coffee. "Made in a minute." Call at our store for a free sample. Sold by all dealers.

## SWEET MELODY FLOUR.

Dewitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills act on both kidneys and liver, and as a result afford the quickest relief from excess of uric acid. Sold by Stone & Mercer.

## SWEET MELODY FLOUR.

Dewitt's Little Early Risers. About the most reliable pill on the market. Sold by Stone & Mercer.

## SWEET MELODY FLOUR.

When the tip of a dog's nose is cold and moist, that dog is not sick. A feverish dry nose means sickness with a dog. And so with the human lips. Dry, cracked and colorless lips mean feverishness, and are as well ill appearing. To have beautiful pink, velvet-like lips, apply at bedtime a coating of Dr. Shoop's Green Salve. It will soften and heal any skin ailment. Get a free trial box, at our store, and be convinced. Large nickel capped glass jars, 25c. Sold by all dealers.

## SWEET MELODY FLOUR.

**Dancing Proves Fatal.**  
Many men and women catch colds at dances which terminate in pneumonia and consumption. After exposure, if Foley's Honey and Tar is taken it will break up a cold and no serious results need to be feared. Refuse any but the genuine in a yellow package. Sold by Sturm & Wilson.

## SWEET MELODY FLOUR.

We have secured the agency for Dr. King's Laxative Fruit Syrup, the new laxative that makes the live—lively, purifies the breath, cures headache and regulates the digestive organs. Cures chronic constipation. Ask us about it. Sturm & Wilson.

## SWEET MELODY FLOUR.

Kennedy's Laxative, (containing) Honey and Tar moves the bowels. Contains no opiates. Conforms to Pure Food and Drug Laws. Sold by Stone & Mercer.

## SWEET MELODY FLOUR.

Good for everything a salve is used for. Dewitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Get Dewitt's. Sold by Stone & Mercer.

**When in need of Plumbing and want Repair Work Done promptly, call at Simmons' Plumbing Shop, 645 W. Pike St. Home Phone.**

**KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS**  
WITH **Dr. King's New Discovery**  
FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS and COLD.  
Price 50c & \$1.00 Free Trial.  
Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

## FIDUCIARY NOTICE.

The accounts of the following named fiduciaries are before me for settlement:

Alma G. Talkington, guardian of Ida P. Talkington.

M. K. Baker, administrator of Rosanna Stewart, deceased.

Jesse T. Watkins, guardian of Davinna A. Watkins.

Jesse T. Watkins, guardian of Harry A. Watkins.

M. B. Curkendall, administrator of S. R. Hamrick, deceased.

S. C. Denham, guardian of Grace Drummond, nee Hall.

H. S. Samples, administrator of Oliver L. Goodwin, deceased.

T. M. Sullivan, committee of Samuel Miley.

T. J. Coffman, executor of Richard Davis, deceased.

James A. L. Day, committee of George Myers.

Isaac L. Davison, committee of John Stout.

Warren Douglas, guardian of Edna Douglas.

Lloyd Stout, guardian of Lloyd H. Young.

Luther G. Perine, guardian of Glen Arley Perine.

Luther G. Perine, guardian of Florissa May Perine.

John Hinkle, administrator of Susan Hinkle, deceased.

V. L. Highland, administrator of Mabel Reed, deceased.

Louis H. Mines, guardian of Henry C. Mines.

Louis H. Mines, guardian of Wilbur S. Mines.

Louis H. Mines, guardian of Rosco C. Mines.

Louis H. Mines, guardian of Lloyd A. Mines.

Louis H. Mines, guardian of Dorothy A. Mines.

J. I. Alexander, guardian of Mary E. Brent.

E. M. Coffindaffer, administrator of J. B. Coffindaffer, deceased.

S. R. Harrison and Thomas Haymond, guardians of Ernest A. Duncan.

Thaddeus Robinson, executor of Caroline Robinson, deceased.

S. C. Denham, guardian of Virgil Hall.

Given under my hand this 12th day of November, 1906.

JAMES N. DAVID, Commissioner of Accounts for Harrison County, West Virginia.

## ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of West Virginia.

At Rules held in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Harrison County the first Monday in November, 1906,

Thomas M. Hood, Plaintiff,

vs. —In Assumpsit. Upon Attachment.

Jonathan D. Springer, Defendant.

The object of this suit is to recover of the defendant the sum of \$2,371.66, being the amount, with interest, of two several promissory notes, each in the sum of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), dated April 23, 1903, executed by one David O. Morgan, payable to the defendant on or before one and two years after date, respectively, with interest, and which said notes were assigned by the defendant to the plaintiff and are now owned by the plaintiff and are due, owing and wholly unpaid.

And it appearing from an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered that he do appear here within thirty days after the first publication of this notice and do what is necessary to protect his interest herein.

H. W. WILLIAMS, Clerk.

Haymond Maxwell, Counsel for Plaintiff.

## NOTICE.

All persons indebted to Charity S. Nicholls, deceased, will pay the same at once at my office in Clarksburg, Harrison County, West Virginia; and all persons having claims against the estate of said Charity S. Nicholls will present the same for payment within the next thirty days, to me at my said office.

Given under my hand this 13th day of November, 1906.

JOHN A. FLEMING, Admr. of the estate of Charity S. Nicholls, deceased.

## ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of West Virginia.

At Rules held in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Harrison County the first Monday in November, 1906,

The Willison-Earle Company, a corporation, plaintiff,

vs. —In Assumpsit. Upon Attachment.

Kidwell Brothers Company, a corporation, defendant.

The object of this suit is to recover of the defendant the sum of \$254.02 for brokerages due the plaintiff on sales of goods, wares

and merchandise made by the plaintiff for the defendant.

And it appearing from an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered that it do appear here within thirty days after the first publication of this notice and do what is necessary to protect its interests herein.

H. W. WILLIAMS, Clerk.

Haymond Maxwell, Counsel for Plaintiff.

## ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of West Virginia.

At Rules held in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Harrison County the first Monday in November, 1906,

Benjamin F. Shuttleworth, Plaintiff,

vs. —In Assumpsit. Upon Attachment.

Jonathan D. Springer, Defendant.

The object of this suit is to recover of the defendant the sum of \$6,621.87, being the amount of four several promissory notes as follows:

Three notes, each in the sum of Four Hundred and Seventeen Dollars (\$417.00), dated Oct. 3, 1903, executed by one Hiram D. Sommer-

ville, payable to the defendant on or before Oct. 3, 1904, Oct. 3, 1905, and Oct. 3, 1906, respectively, with interest, and one note in the sum of Four Thousand Five Hundred and Twelve and 25-100 Dollars (\$4,512.25), dated April 2, 1904, executed by one Hiram J. Burnside, payable to the defendant on or before Nov. 1, 1904, with interest; all of which four said notes were assigned by the defendant to the plaintiff and are now owned by the plaintiff and are due, owing and wholly unpaid.

And it appearing from an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered that he do appear here within thirty days after the first publication of this notice and do what is necessary to protect his interest herein.

H. W. WILLIAMS, Clerk.

Haymond Maxwell, Counsel for Plaintiff.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the estate of Julia Comer, deceased, will present them properly verified, to the undersigned administrator at Clarksburg, West Virginia, within sixty days from this date.

Given under my hand this 17th day of September, 1906.

JOHN H. CLIFFORD, Admr. of Julia Comer, deceased.

21st St.

## NOTICE OF JUDICIAL SALE.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Harrison County, West Virginia, made and entered on the 18th day of October, 1906, in the Chancery cause of the State of West Virginia, plaintiff, against Albert Miles and others, defendants, I will on

SATURDAY, DEC. 8, 1906, at the front door of the Court House of Harrison County, West Virginia, at one o'clock P. M., of that day offer for sale to the highest and best bidder, the following real estate:

All that certain lot of land and large two-story frame dwelling house thereon, which said lot is situated in what is known as the Hoff and Boughner Addition to the City of Clarksburg, and being Lot No. 16 of the plat of said addition as recorded in Deed Book No. 63 at page 290, lying and being in Harrison County, West Virginia, in Clark District, situate at 367 West Mechanic street, Clarksburg, and being the same lot which was conveyed to Albert Miles by Daniel Boughner by deed dated April 6, 1901, and of record in the office of the Clerk of the County Court of Harrison County, West Virginia, in Deed Book No. 122, at page 65; and which said lot fronts 50 feet on the south side of said West Mechanic street, running back from said street about 75 feet.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third cash in hand on day of sale, and the residue upon a credit of six and twelve months from the date of sale, taking from the purchaser interest-bearing notes with approved security, and retaining a vendor's lien on the property as further security for the deferred payments.

WILL E. MORRIS, Special Commissioner.

I, Homer W. Williams, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Harrison County, West Virginia, hereby certify that bond with security approved by me as sufficient and in the penalty provided by said decree has been given by said special commissioner.

H. W. WILLIAMS, Clerk.

## MAKING OLD GLORY.

The Way a Flag is Treated Out With Modern Machinery.

By the aid of modern machinery only an hour is required for the manufacture of a silk or wool bunting American flag 6 by 10 feet in size. This task includes fourteen different operations and twenty years ago required a day and a half to accomplish. The last decade has witnessed the introduction of splicing and cutting machines as well as improved sewing machines. These have revolutionized the flag-making industry.

The first step in making a flag, says the New York Sun, is to cut the stripes from huge rolls of red or white silk or wool bunting. Machinery accomplishes most of this, although some operatives equipped with huge shears are still employed. The stripes are given over to the machine operatives, by whom they are sewed together with lightninglike rapidity. The lock stitch is used and the thread fed from spools, each of which holds 24,000 yards.

The stripes sewed together, the flag is ready to receive the union. The union is the blue field at the left upper corner of the flag bearing the forty-six stars, a star for every state, although most of the flags seen for some months will show only forty-five stars.

Stars of wool bunting flags are of muslin, although the union itself is of the same material as the body of the flag. A star is always half the width of a stripe of the flag it adorns.

Muslin stars are cut out by machinery at the rate of 3,000 an hour. A star is five pointed, each being precisely like its fellow. As fast as the stars are cut out they are passed to girls who, standing at long tables, arrange them on the unions. Then they are basted in place by hand and turned over to the machine operatives.

Placing the union in position follows, two unions being required for each flag, one on either side. Stripes and union joined, the finishers take the flag in hand. Strong canvas bands are sewed across the headings, the bands having grommets, or eyelets, in the corners. In the case of large flags for the ballards, the bands are made of

Although every year more than 4,000,000 American flags are made in the fashion described, they form only a small proportion of the total number manufactured. Millions of printed flags come into existence every year, and their number is constantly increasing.

## Blaine and an Appropriation.

When James G. Blaine was speaker of the house he cleverly got through a resolution appropriating \$12,000 to the needy widowed daughter of President Zachary Taylor. This had got as far as Washington on her way to Paris to see a sick daughter and, being destitute of money, appealed to her only friend at the capital, General Sherman. His purse was always open to the distressed, but he had not funds at all adequate to relieve her necessities. In this emergency he thought of Blaine. The man from Maine entered into the spirit of the occasion as soon as he heard General Sherman's statement.

Called another to the chair and made a "five minutes' speech that fairly electrified the house, which passed the resolution Blaine had penned only a moment before. He took the resolution in person to the senate, where it was also immediately passed, had the president to sign it the next day, and on the following day the beneficiary got the money. General Sherman always insisted that Blaine would have made the grandest actor that ever lived and in adapting his career to politics he robbed the stage of a born star.

## Horses and Furs.

"Never ship horses to New York in the fall or winter if you want to make a good sale," was the advice that was handed out to a western man who had a number of horses that he wished to dispose of at the Horse Exchange.

"They'll make a better showing in the spring or summer," explained a trader, who was trading with a sense of safety. It is more difficult to break in a western horse in New York ways in the winter than in the summer. It really doesn't take him long to become used to the crowds and noises of the city at any time. The thing that throws him into panic is the sight of fur. In his mind furs are associated with some enemy or tormentor of the animal kingdom, and the sight and smell of furs arouse former fears. Some horses never do get over this weakness, and many dealers can vouch for cases in which horses that are otherwise perfectly satisfactory bring complaint from the purchaser on account of their dislike of furs.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

## "Not One Cent For Tribute."

The copper piece with the legend, "Millions for defense, not one cent for tribute," is not a coin at all, but a medal commemorating our troubles with France during the Napoleonic wars. Resenting our Jay treaty with Great Britain, made while George Washington was president, and angry because we would not take sides in those wars, France, in 1797, began to attack our merchant ships, and we came very near becoming involved in war with her. We sent a commission over to try to arrange the trouble, and the French prime minister, Talleyrand, gave them to understand we could arrange it only by paying a bribe or making a loan to the French government. To this it was said that Charles Cotesworth Pinckney, "son of Carolina," a member of our commission, replied in the words noted on the medal. This he denied, however, his reply being simply, "No, no, no; not one cent."—St. Louis Republic.

Preventives, as the name implies, prevent all cold and gripe, when "taken at the sneeze stage." Preventives are toothsome candy tablets. Preventives dissipate all colds quickly, and taken early, when you first feel that a cold is coming, they check and prevent them. Preventives are thoroughly safe for children and as effective for adults. Sold and recommended in 5 and 25 cent boxes by all druggists.

## A Successful Rival

It is not unusual for either a man or a woman to come between an engaged couple, but it is unusual for the course of true love to be turned away by a horse. The story begins back in the days when the Indians in the west were constantly breaking away from their reservations and slaughtering all palefaces who came in their way. It was then that Florence Brooks was visiting an older sister at Fort R., the wife of an officer in the United States army. And then it was that the garri-son having marched away, leaving the women and children to the protection of half a company under the command of a lieutenant, another tribe consisting of several hundred warriors came down to take possession of the fort.

When a friendly redskin rode into the inclosure and announced the coming of his fellows, every man being needed for defense, Florence Brooks volunteered to ride to the nearest post, fifty miles distant, for succor. Lieutenant Howard Whiting, in command, placed her on his own Kentucky bred horse, Comanche, and sent her flying out of the fort, shouting after her, "Their lives depend upon you!" How the horse enabled her to cross the path of the coming Indians an hour before they reached the point of intersection, how ten miles farther off she met a squadron of cavalry, how when the Indians reached the fort they found a force ample to protect it, need only be referred to here. From that day Comanche was beloved by Miss Brooks. As for Miss Brooks, she was beloved by the whole garrison, especially by Lieutenant Whiting.

And now the view of alkali plains surrounding Fort R. has changed to vacant lots on the outskirts of a city. Miss Brooks rides in a trolley car instead of on horseback, and Lieutenant Whiting spends the greater part of the day in a recruiting office in one of the dingiest streets of the city. But early in the afternoon he leaves his sergeant in charge and, mounted on Comanche, rides past Miss Brooks' abode. She is watching for him from an upper window. He raises his hat, and from behind the curtain she throws him a kiss. But for one thing the lover would be supremely happy. He is jealous of Comanche.

"Why," he asked on joining his fiancée after one of his rides, "do you always feast your eyes on my horse and pay no attention to me? This afternoon when I rode by you didn't even see when I raised my hat. You waved your hand long after I had done so."

"I love Comanche," she replied. Miss Brooks left the city for a month, and when she returned her lover informed her that he had sold Comanche. The reason he gave for doing so was that he had been ordered to rejoin his regiment in the west, and Comanche having become old, besides gone lame, the lieutenant would not feel warranted in transporting him so far, especially as he would need a serviceable animal. Miss Brooks looked astonished when the news was imparted to her, and argued long and well against the necessity for the sale. But Whiting had nothing but his pay, which was not sufficient to keep so expensive a pet, and she was obliged to admit, which she did reluctantly, that he could hardly have done otherwise. They parted with an embrace, warm enough on the part of the man, but not the girl.

However, it gradually came over Miss Brooks—planning as she was for the coming wedding—that Comanche could not have been included in the calculations. Indeed, it was very difficult for her to figure out the problem of living on Whiting's pay, even without what Comanche would have cost. She had an income of \$800, which she must relinquish upon her marriage. This left only a second lieutenant's pay, with commutation for \$20, and quarters, on which the couple must live. After all, Whiting was right.

There is no doubt that all would have gone well had it not been for a certain inopportune meeting. One morning while Miss Brooks was out buying her trousseau she saw a man driving a cart with an enormous load on it. The horse was unable to get it up an incline, and the driver was belaboring him unmercifully. Miss Brooks, naturally fond of horses, approached to protect the horse.

The horse turned his head, looked at her out of a pair of melancholy eyes and whinnied. He was Comanche. Miss Brooks embraced him and wept. The next mail carried to Lieutenant Whiting a breaking of the engagement from Miss Brooks. No satisfactory reason was given. The real reason was that she loved Comanche better than Whiting. On her income, which, if it married, she would retain till death, she could live and take care of Comanche. She bought him for \$50 and kept him in royal equine style.

Comanche lived five years after being rescued from the melancholy position into which his master had sold him. Then Miss Brooks, after a decent period of widowhood, began to think of her lover of other days. He, hearing that his rival was dead, sought her. They were married and went to live at the post where he was stationed.

"Whiting," said his colonel banteringly one day, "I hear your wife kept you waiting five years while she lavished her affections on a horse. I didn't know I had an officer under my command with so little capacity for pleasing the fair sex."

"Colonel," replied Whiting, "I would much rather have been kept waiting for the woman I love by a horse than by some man I have known."

ELLSWORTH EMERSON.

The best treatment for indigestion and troubles of the stomach is to rest the stomach. It can be rested by a good digestant. Kodol puts the stomach in shape to satisfactorily perform its functions. Good for indigestion, sour stomach, flatulence, palpitation of the heart and dyspepsia. Kodol is made in strict conformity with the National Pure Food and Drug Law. Sold by Stone & Mercer.

## DO YOUR CHILDREN ASK

## QUESTIONS

Of course they do. It is their way of learning and it is your duty to answer. You may need a dictionary to aid you. It won't answer every question, but there are thousands to which it will give you true, clear and definite answers, not about words only, but about things, the sun, men, machinery, places, stories and the like. Then, too, the children can find their own answers. Some of our greatest men have ascribed their power to study of the dictionary.

Of course you want the best dictionary. The most critical prefer the New and Enlarged Edition of

## WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

THE GRAND PRIZE (HIGHEST AWARD) for which was given at the World's Fair, St. Louis.

If you have any questions about it write us.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., PUBLISHERS, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

## The Siren of La Prensa.

La Prensa is the greatest and most influential paper in South America. Its offices are in Buenos Ayres, Argentina, situated in a magnificent building in the Avenida. This building is said to be one of the most imposing in the world. It has a tower crowned by a great golden statue of a young woman representing the Spirit of the Press.

The proudest possession of La Prensa is a 5,000 horsepower steam operated siren. Whenever there is an appalling disaster, or the death of a crowned head or other event of worldwide interest, whoop goes La Prensa's siren and is heard for a while throughout the city.

The local government exacts a fine for this performance, \$100 per minute, with a minimum of \$200, and if the fine is not paid on the mail the charge is double, so when one man is sent to operate the siren another is sent running with a two hundred dollar bill to the courts. The next operation is to young drapés the above referred to young woman's torch with red velvet in case of a catastrophe, with crape in the event of a death. All this causes the most extraordinary sensation.

## A Real Celebrity.

The local pride of the natives of Cape Elizabeth, Me., is so intense that it takes the attitude of pity for all who have the misfortune to dwell elsewhere. This, says a writer in the Lewiston Journal, is known to regular summer visitors, and by most of them is respected. One rainy day a gathering in the store, composed of fishermen and summer visitors, ventured to enumerate some of the distinguished men who had come from Maine.

"There's Longfellow," he said, "and Hannibal Hamlin, and James G. Blaine. William Pitt Fessenden, Thomas B. Reed and—"

Here an old fisherman looked up from his work of splicing grass blades, and broke in. "Smart? Those fellows are smart?" he questioned. "You just come down an' see Josh Pillsbury skin fish!"

## Shooting From an Elephant.

The elephant's howdah is that bed of Procrustes, in which one can neither sit nor stand with any approach to reasonable ease, and in which a recumbent attitude is impossible, says Blackwood's Magazine. Its advantages are, first, that standing in it a man can shoot on every side of him; second, that it is convenient for the carriage of the occupant's paraphernalia—his guns on racks on either side, his ammunition in a trough in front, his other requisites in leather pockets here and there on the sides of the machine and his bed blanket on the seat—and, third, that in a hinder compartment an attendant can stand to hold that when quick loading is required take from his vest and the gun just fired and recharge it. These are the advantages. Otherwise the howdah is an abomination.

So much antique furniture is in use at the present time that a few suggestions as to its care may not come amiss. Wipe each piece carefully with a damp chamolais skin, rinsing out the chamolais frequently to remove every particle of dust, and give particular attention to the carvings. These may be gently brushed with a soft brush, such as is used in burnishing silver, dipped in lukewarm water in which a little soap has been dissolved. After drying the wood, carefully rub in a little linseed oil and polish with a soft cloth. This treatment applies only to mahogany and oak furniture. A very good dressing for black walnut and ebony is made from half a wineglassful each of olive oil and vinegar and a spoonful of alcohol. Linseed oil with a little turpentine added is also a very satisfactory dressing. If there is much carving on the furniture the wood may be cleansed with paraffin before polishing.

Children's Eyes. Don't let any false notions about appearances keep you from having the children's weak eyes examined in early childhood by a competent oculist and if he thinks best glasses prescribed. By the early use of glasses many eyes can be so strengthened as to make them entirely serviceable without that artificial aid that in life. At no time in life are spectacles any disgrace to the wearer, so many and varied are the demands of modern civilization upon the delicate sense of sight, says the Chicago News. Let parents watch over the manner in which such children do their reading both day and night. See that they do not read in too glaring light or facing the light. If they do not, furnish them with large necessary shades, such as engravers use when they read by lamp or gas light. Go to their school and see that they are favored there with the proper arrangements of light.